Maths.(Hons) (Mid Term: CC - 5)

Maths. (Hons) (Mid Term: CC - 5)			Maths. (Hons) (Mid Term: CC - 6)		
Full Marks: 15. Time: $1\frac{1}{3}$		hrs.	Full	Marks: 15. Time: 1	hrs.
	Answer any three questions.	Zestesse		Answer any three questions.	
7. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Define limit, continuity & differentiability of a function at a point in terms of $\varepsilon \& \delta$. Define uniform continuity of a function with an example. State and prove Rolle's theorem. State Cauchy's mean value theorem and Darboux's theorem. State Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion of a function.	5. 5. 5. 5. 5.	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Define permutation and permutation group with an example on three symbols. State and prove Lagrange's theorem. Define cyclic group, Normal Subgroup and Normalize of a group Prove that in a group G , $(ab)^n = a^nb^n$ if, G is abelian Define factor group and state Cauchy's theorem for finite abelian group.	5. 5. p. 5. 5.
Maths.(Hons) (Mid Term: CC - 7)			Generic Elective (Maths.) (Mid Term: GE - 3)		
Ful	Marks: 15. Time:	$1\frac{1}{2}$ hrs.	Full	Marks: 15. Time: $1\frac{1}{2}$	hrs.
	Answer any three questions.	19		Answer three questions.	
1. 2.	Find the general solution of Lagrange Linear differential equation $p \tan x + q \tan y = \tan z$ Solve $p^2 + q^2 = 16$	5. 5.	1.	Define sequence of real numbers and its convergence with example.	5.
3. 4.	Write down the auxiliary equation of Charpit's Method Find the complete solution of the partial differential	5.	2.	Define bounds of a sequence, Cauchy sequence and prove that convergence sequence has unique limit.	5.
	equation $px + qy = pq$	5.	3.	Define a series of real numbers and its convergence .	5.
5.	Write down the working rule for solving the differential equation $f_1(x,p) = f_2(y,q)$	5.	4.	Prove that the series $\sum \frac{1}{n^p}$ is convergent for $p > 1$	5.
			5.	State and prove Comparison test of convergence of an infinite series	5.